

Ward profile 2018

Burtonwood and Winwick

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Population – Warrington

Estimated population: Ward population were estimated from ONS small area population statistics for Lower Super Output Areas for mid-2017. Wards range from approximately 6,150 residents in Westbrook to 12,650 in Poplars and Hulme.

Population structure: The age structure of the population affects a range of service needs. Some wards have a much older population than the Warrington average, and some a much younger population. Similar to national figures and the North West, in Warrington in 2017, **19% were aged 0-15, 63% aged 16-64, and 18% aged 65+.**

Looking at specific younger age groups, in Warrington approximately **6% of the population were aged 0-4.** By ward, the highest proportion of 0-4s can be found in Latchford East (8%), Poplars and Hulme (8%), Bewsey and Whitecross (8%) and Fairfield and Howley (8%).

In Warrington approximately **23% of the population were aged 0-19.** The ward estimates for this age group ranges from 18% (Latchford West) to 30% (Poplars and Hulme).

The proportion of those **aged 80 and older** in Warrington is approximately **5%.** Wards with a higher proportion of these oldest populations include Penketh and Cuerdley (8%), Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft (7%), Grappenhall (7%) and Appleton (7%).

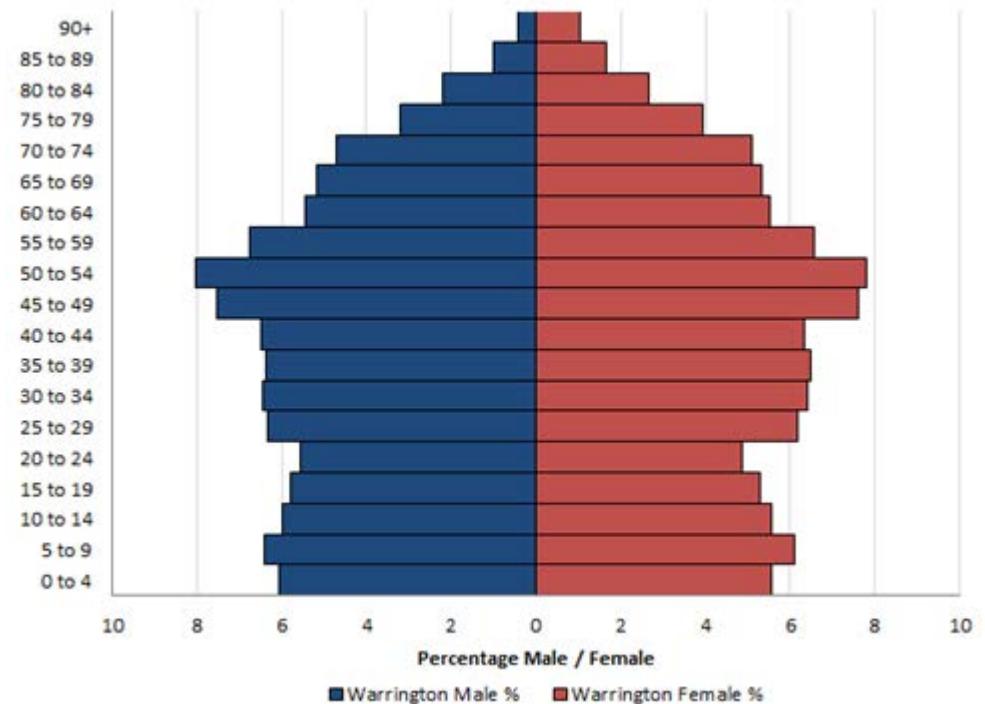
Population projections show that Warrington's population is forecast to increase to 218,700 by 2026.

Households: Warrington has approximately 96,030 residential properties as at September 2018, with the largest numbers in Bewsey and Whitecross (6,625) and Fairfield and Howley (6,118) and the smallest numbers in Westbrook (2,657) and Burtonwood and Winwick (2,750).

Population by age category

| | Burtonwood and Winwick | % | Warrington | % |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------|------------|-------|
| Total population 2017 | 6,427 | | 209,704 | |
| Children (0-15 years) | 1,060 | 16.5% | 39,813 | 19.0% |
| Working age (16-64) | 3,789 | 59.0% | 131,588 | 62.7% |
| Older people (65+) | 1,578 | 24.6% | 38,303 | 18.3% |
| Younger age groups | | | | |
| 0-4 | 321 | 5.0% | 12,206 | 5.8% |
| 0-19 | 1,313 | 20.4% | 49,001 | 23.4% |
| Oldest people (80+) | | | | |
| 80+ | 406 | 6.3% | 9,458 | 4.5% |

Warrington population – Percentage by 5 year age categories (2017)



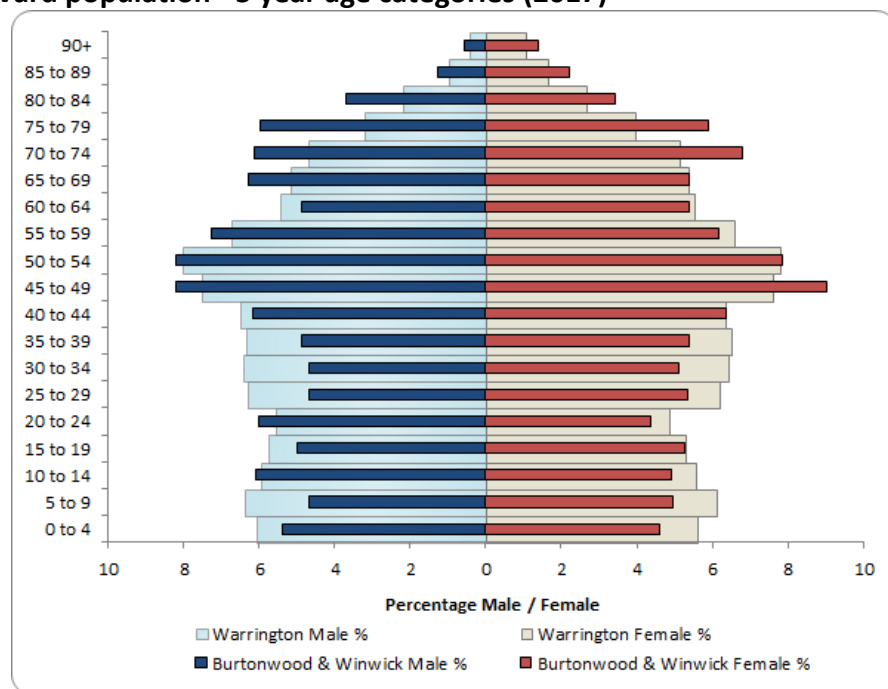
Population – Burtonwood and Winwick

Compared to Warrington's population structure there are:

- Generally higher proportions of older age groups (65+)
- Generally lower proportions of younger age groups with the exception of 10 to 14 year olds and 45 to 54 year olds.

Warrington's population: The latest population estimate (2017) for Warrington is 209,704. Projections show that Warrington's population is forecast to increase to 218,700 by 2026.

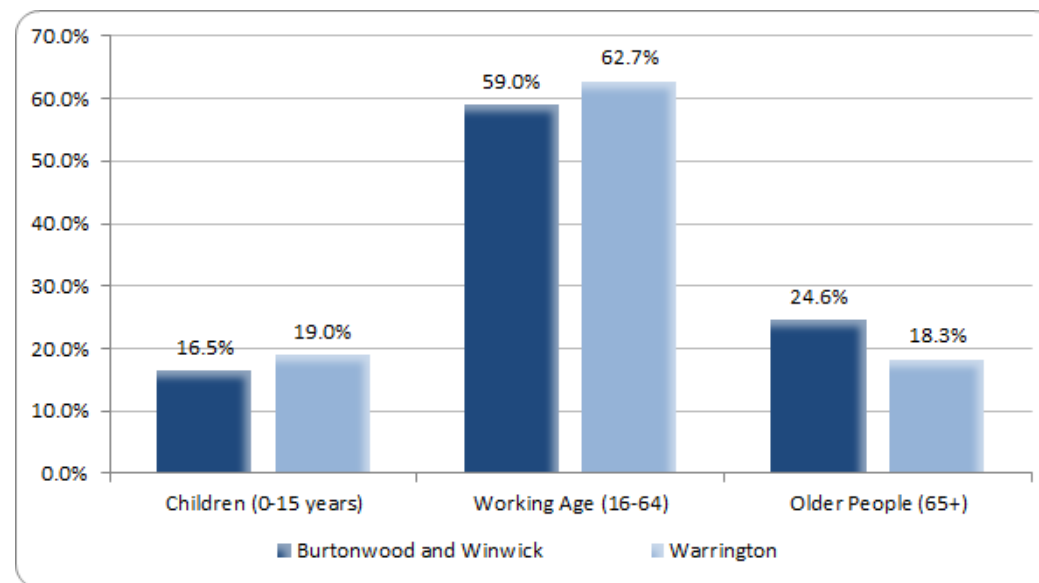
Ward population - 5 year age categories (2017)



Population by broad age category (2017)

| | Burtonwood and Winwick | % | Warrington | % |
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Age category proportions compared to Warrington (2017)



Deprivation

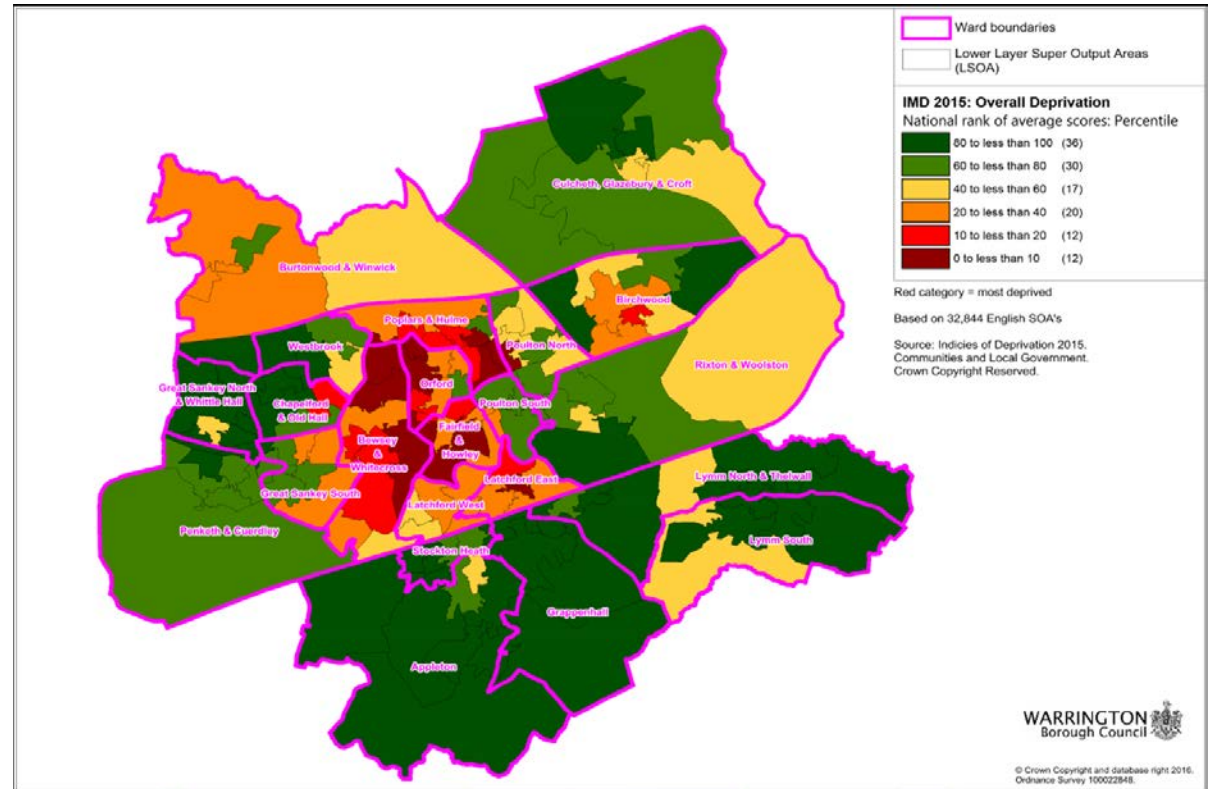
Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2015

The map shows the spread of deprivation across Warrington along with the new ward boundaries. The most deprived areas shaded brown and red, tend to be in inner Warrington, and the least deprived shaded green, in outer Warrington.

Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are small geographical units. Deprivation is measured using the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2015. For each LSOA, a deprivation score is calculated covering a broad range of issues: income, employment, health and disability, education and skills, housing and services, crime, and living environment. There are wide inequalities between people living in areas of high levels of deprivation and those living in areas of low deprivation; more deprived populations generally have poorer outcomes in terms of health, education etc.

All 127 LSOAs in Warrington are ordered by IMD score and have been split into six different categories.

In Warrington borough, approximately 19% of residents live in the 20% most deprived areas. Approximately 30% live in the least deprived.



Average deprivation score by ward (higher score = more deprived)

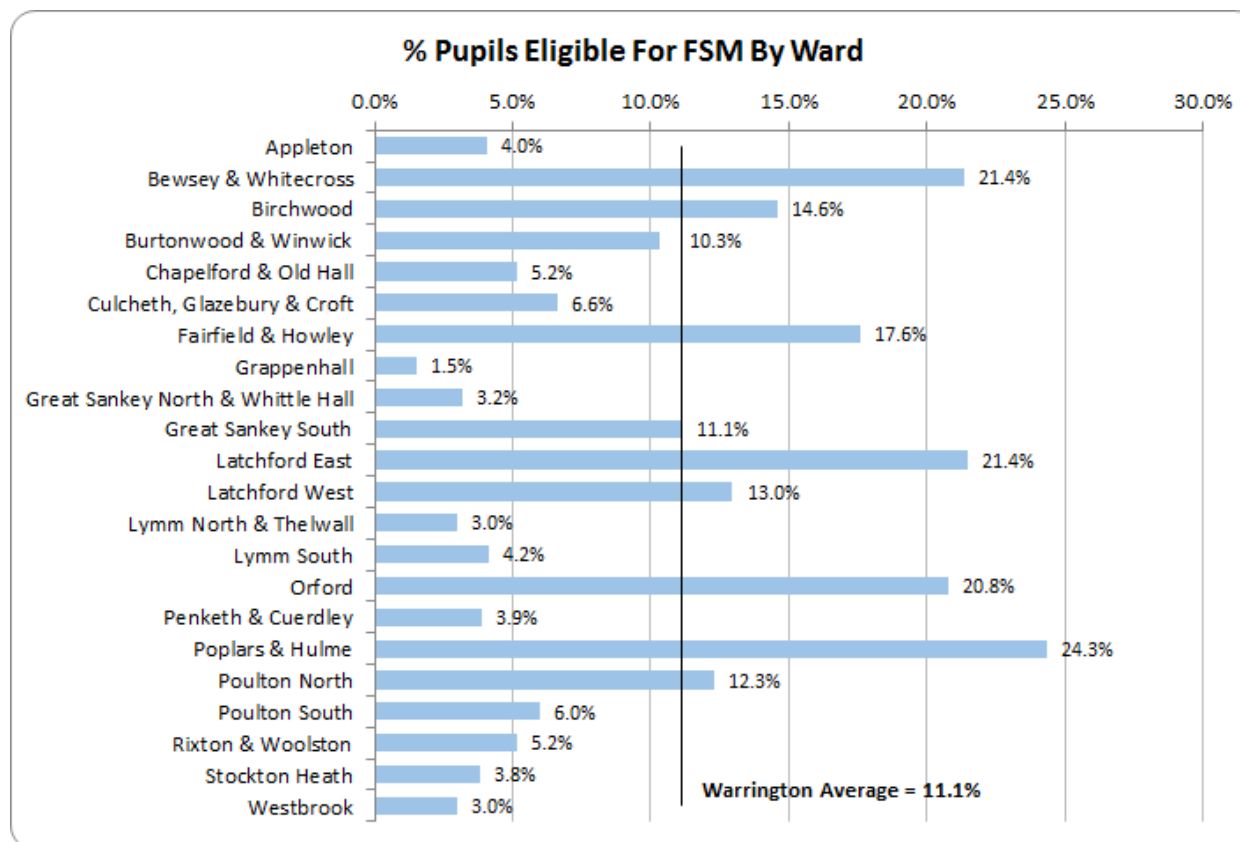
| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Appleton | Bewsey and Whitecross | Birchwood | Burtonwood and Winwick | Chapelford and Old Hall | Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft | Fairfield and Howley | Grappenhall | Great Sankey North and Whittle Hall | Great Sankey South | Latchford East |
| 7.6 | 42.4 | 19.9 | 22.1 | 10.0 | 11.2 | 37.2 | 5.6 | 7.7 | 18.6 | 36.5 |
| Latchford West | Lymm North and Thelwall | Lymm South | Orford | Penketh and Cuardley | Poplars and Hulme | Poulton North | Poulton South | Rixton and Woolston | Stockton Heath | Westbrook |
| 23.7 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 36.6 | 9.6 | 41.8 | 17.2 | 13.1 | 11.2 | 7.9 | 10.3 |

Warrington total: 19.4

Education – Free School Meals (FSM)

School census 2018 – FSM based on pupil postcodes

Pupils that were eligible between the census in October 2017 and the census in January 2018



Free School Meals

The Department for Education considers the gap between children who are known to be eligible for Free School Meals (FSM), and other children. Eligibility for FSM is based on being in receipt of certain means-tested benefits.

In Warrington

According to the January 2018 School Census, the average proportion of pupils eligible for FSM is **11.1%**. Thirteen out of Warrington's 22 wards fall below the average. These are Grappenhall, Lymm North and Thelwall, Westbrook, Great Sankey North and Whittle Hall, Stockton Heath, Penketh and Cuardley, Appleton, Lymm South, Chapelford and Old Hall, Rixton and Woolston, Poulton South Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft and Burtonwood and Winwick. Great Sankey South is around the average figure. Eight wards are above this average. These are Poulton North, Latchford West, Birchwood, Fairfield and Howley, Orford, Bewsey and Whitecross, Latchford East and Poplars and Hulme.

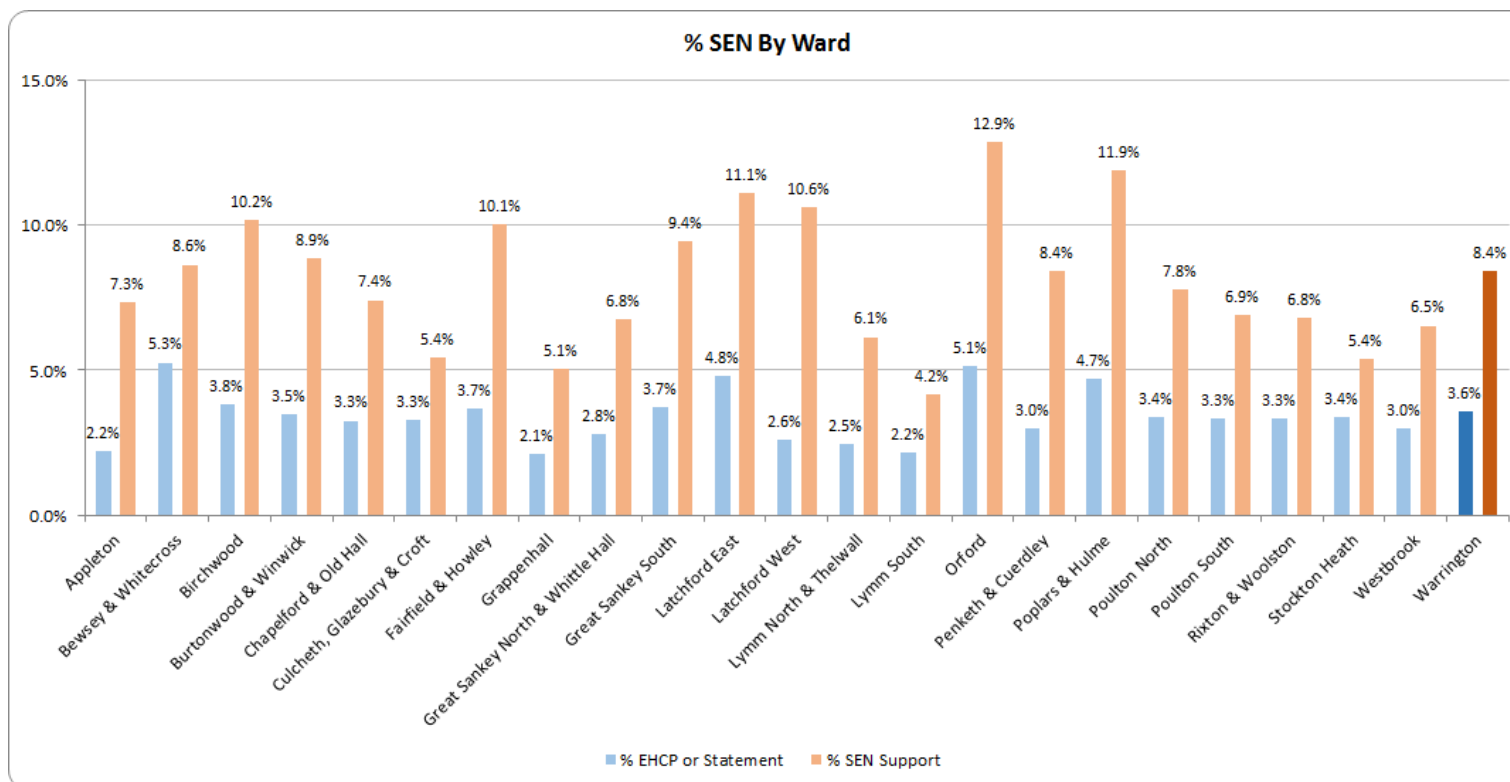
In Burtonwood and Winwick

According to the January 2018 School Census, the average proportion of pupils eligible for FSM in Burtonwood and Winwick is **10.3%** (Warrington: 11.1%). Burtonwood and Winwick is 1 of 13 wards that are below the average.

Education – Special Educational Needs (SEN)

School census 2018 – SEN based on pupil postcodes

Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCP), Statements and SEN Support



In Warrington

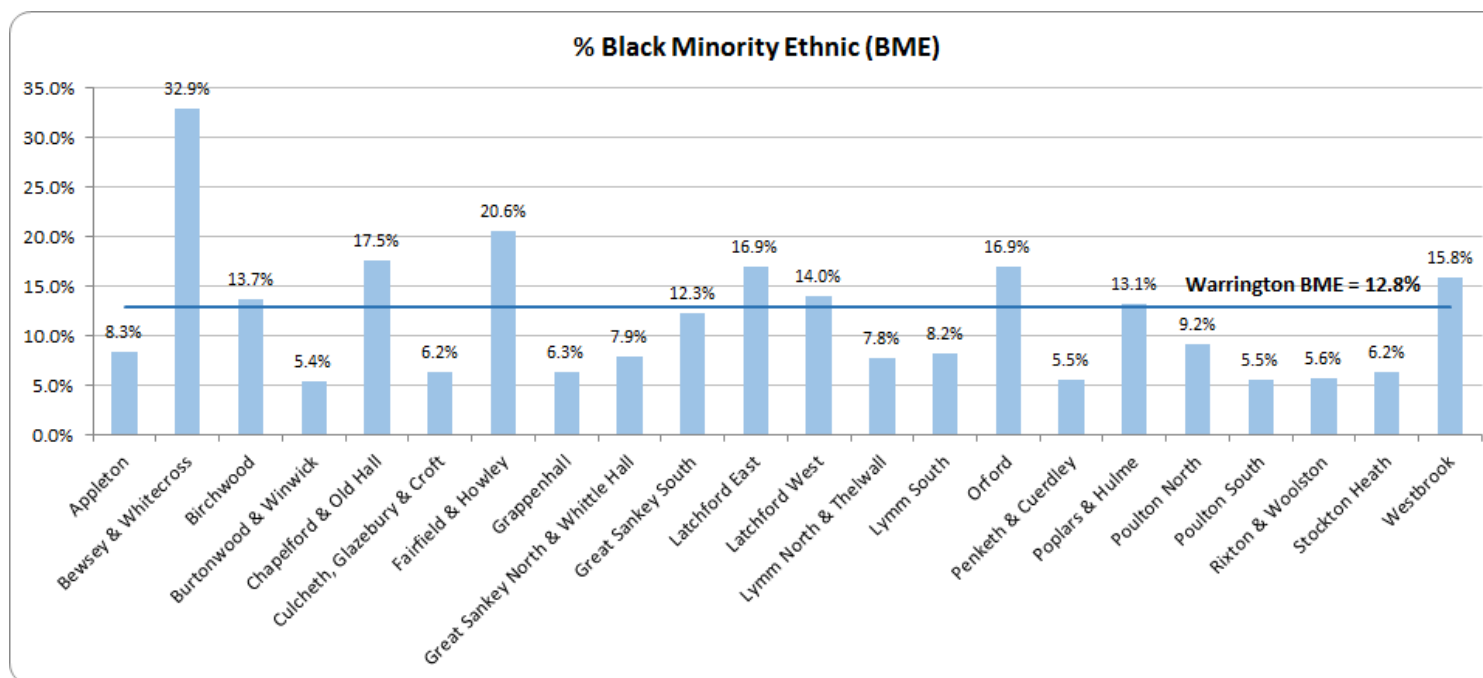
The proportion of pupils across Warrington requiring SEN support (**not** including statements or EHCPs) is **8.4%**. Nine wards are above average: Bewsey and Whitecross, Burtonwood and Winwick, Great Sankey South, Fairfield and Howley, Birchwood, Latchford West, Latchford East, Poplars and Hulme with the highest proportion in Orford. The proportion of pupils across Warrington with a statement or EHCP is **3.6%**. Seven wards are above average: Fairfield and Howley, Great Sankey South, Birchwood, Poplars and Hulme, Latchford East, Orford with the highest proportion in Bewsey and Whitecross.

In Burtonwood and Winwick

The proportion of pupils in Burtonwood and Winwick requiring SEN support (**not** including statements or EHCPs) is **8.9%** (Warrington: 8.4%). The proportion of pupils in Burtonwood and Winwick with a statement or EHCP is **3.5%** (Warrington: 3.6%).

Education – Black Minority Ethnic (BME)

School Census 2018 - Ethnicity based on pupil postcodes



In Warrington

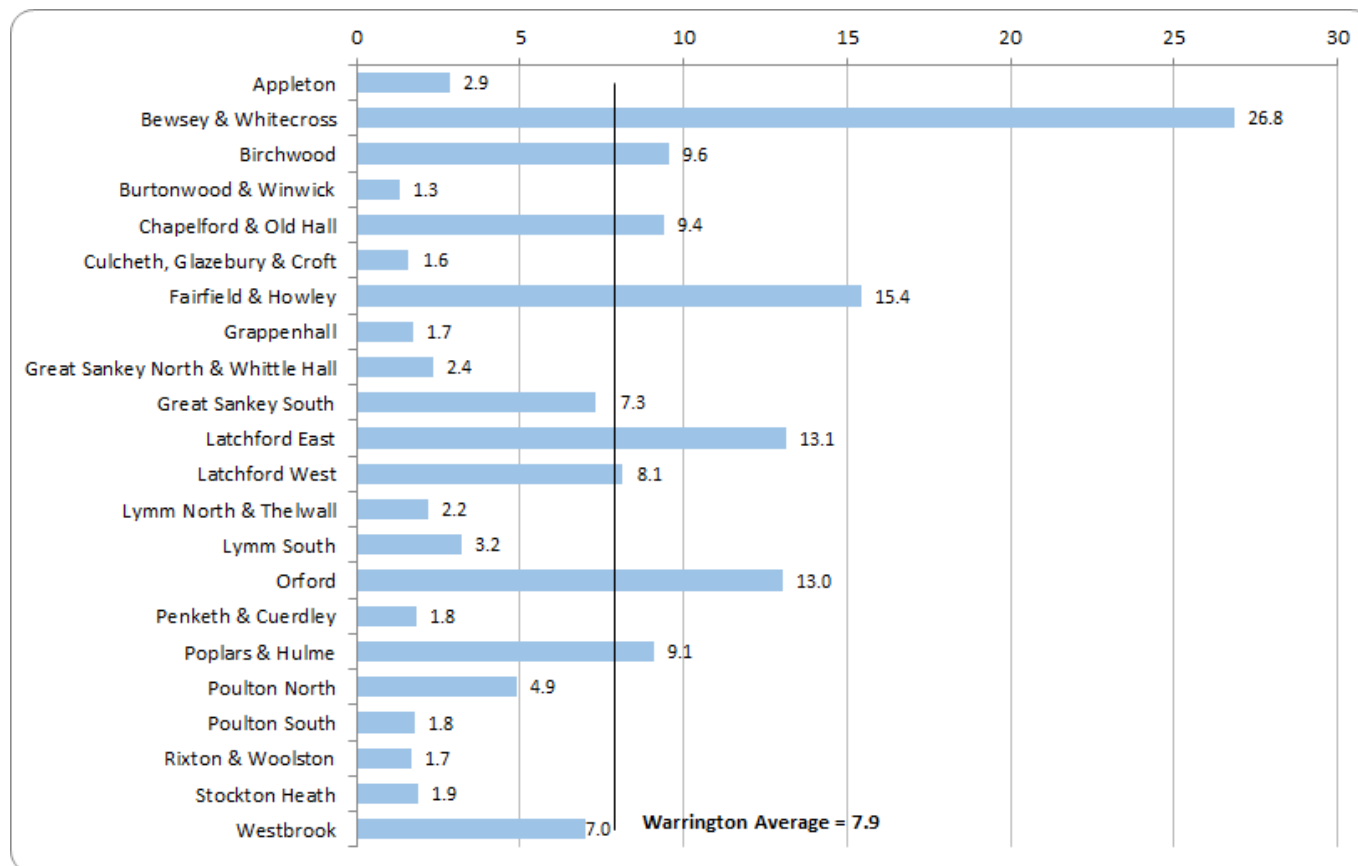
According to the January 2018 School Census, the average proportion of pupils who are BME is 12.8%. The ward with the highest proportion of BME pupils is Bewsey and Whitcross with 32.9%. Other wards with relatively high proportions include Fairfield and Howley, Chapelford and Old Hall, Orford and Latchford East.

In Burtonwood and Winwick

According to the January 2018 School Census, the average proportion of pupils who are BME in Burtonwood and Winwick is 5.4% (Warrington: 12.8%).

Education – first language

School census 2018 – Key first languages recorded, excluding English



| Language | No. of pupils |
|------------------|---------------|
| Polish | 689 |
| Urdu | 148 |
| Chinese | 97 |
| Kurdish | 97 |
| Latvian | 90 |
| Hungarian | 80 |
| Romanian | 80 |
| Tamil | 62 |
| Malayalam | 55 |
| Punjabi | 55 |
| Arabic | 54 |
| Slovak | 52 |
| Tagalog/Filipino | 50 |
| Hindi | 42 |
| Russian | 40 |

In Warrington

Across Warrington, Polish and Urdu are the main languages spoken as a first language other than English. Chinese, Kurdish, Latvian, Hungarian and Romanian also featured with 80 or more pupils having these as a first language other than English. In Bewsey and Whitecross, a quarter of all pupils do not have English as their first language.

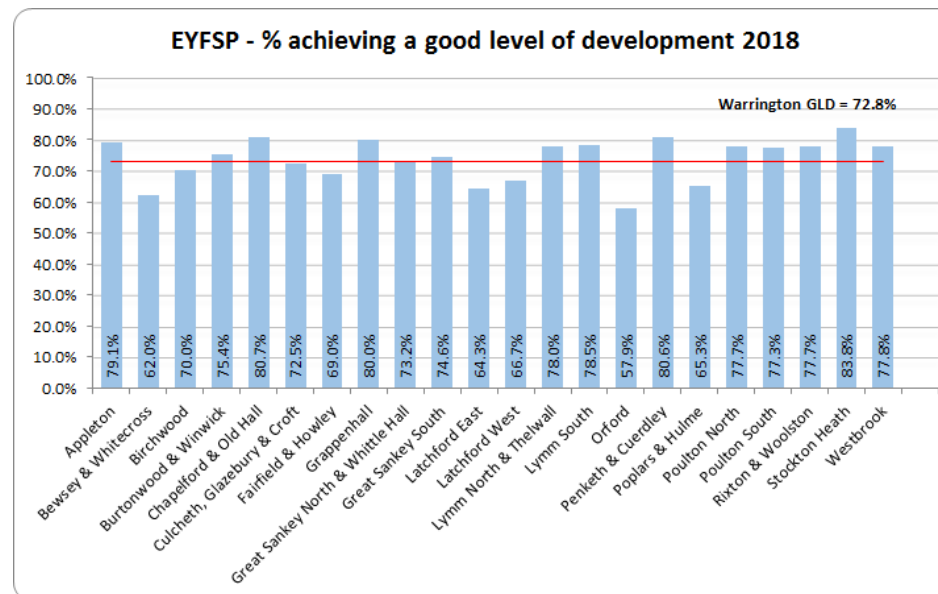
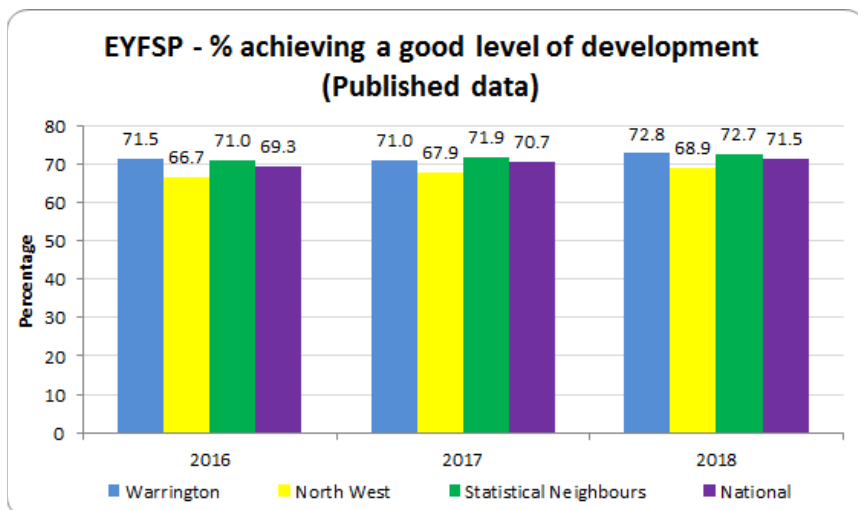
In Burtonwood and Winwick

In Burtonwood and Winwick, 1.3% of pupils do not have English as their first language. (Warrington: 7.9%).

Education (Early Years aged 4/5) – Early Years Foundation Stage

Early Years Foundation Stage Profile (EYFSP)

EYFSP is used to assess a child’s overall development by the age of 4/5. As well as literacy and maths, teacher assessments cover a range of elements including personal, social and emotional development, communication skills and physical development. In 2013 there were significant changes to the curriculum in the Early Years Foundation Stage; as a result the data has taken a few years to be considered robust. In 2018, performance for Warrington is above North West, Statistical Neighbour and England average.



In Warrington

The overall measure used is % achieving a **Good Level of Development** with the proportion for Warrington being **72.8%**.

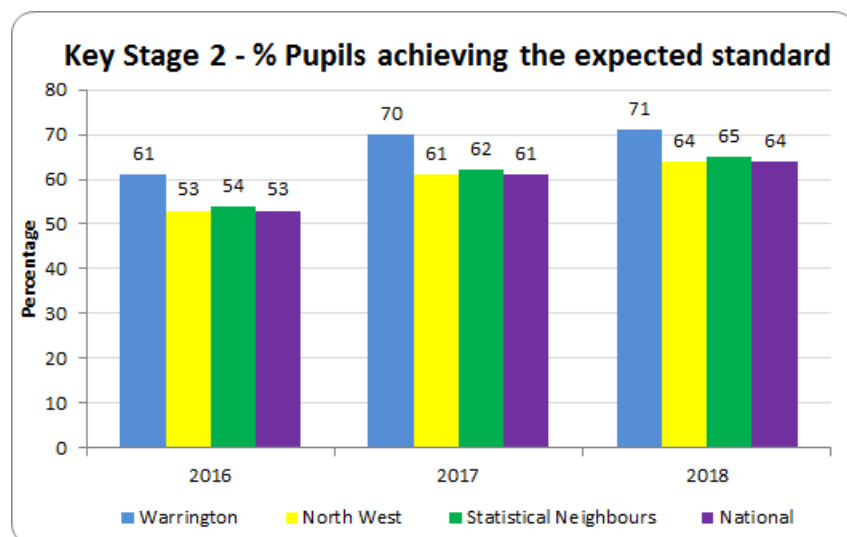
The wards performing best and above average are Stockton Heath, Chapelford and Old Hall, Penketh and Cuerdley, Grappenhall, Appleton, Lymm South, Lymm North and Thelwall, Westbrook, Poulton North, Rixton and Woolston, Poulton South, Burtonwood and Winwick, Great Sankey South and Great Sankey North and Whittle Hall. Orford, Bewsey and Whitecross, Latchford East and Poplars and Hulme are the lowest performing wards in terms of % achieving a Good Level of Development.

In Burtonwood and Winwick

The percentage achieving a Good Level of Development with the proportion for Burtonwood and Winwick is **75.4%** (Warrington: 72.8%). Burtonwood and Winwick is above the Warrington average.

Education (end of primary school aged 10/11) – Key Stage 2 reading, writing, maths

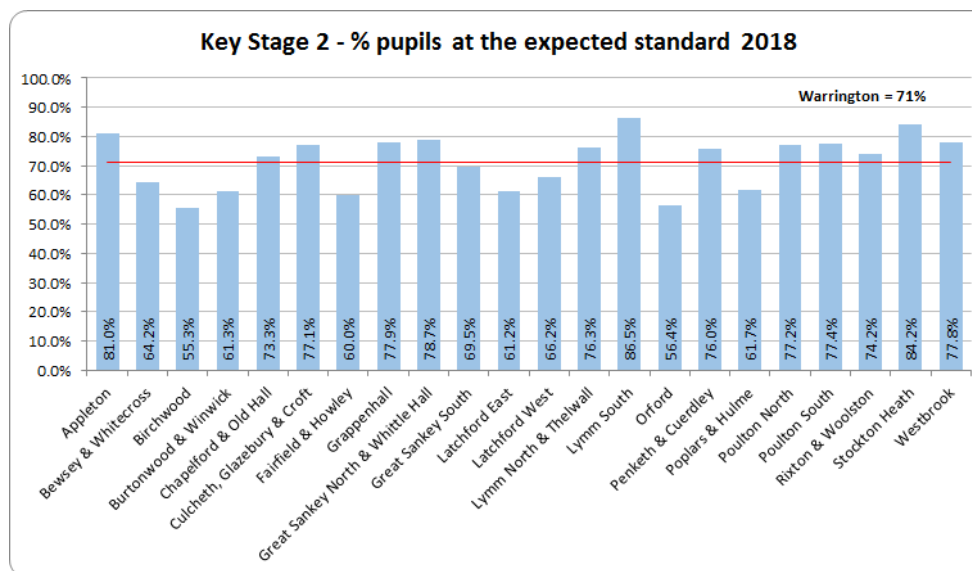
In 2016, there were also significant changes to how performance is measured at the end of Year 6. There was a new curriculum as well as a much higher test and teacher assessment standard than the previous Level 4. Because of these changes comparing data with previous years is problematic. However, based on the first statistical release from the Department for Education, Warrington is ranked 15th (of 152) in the country and 2nd in the North West for Reading, Writing and Maths (RWM) combined. Warrington is above the North West average, our Statistical Neighbour average and the England average in all subjects.



In Warrington

In Warrington overall, **71%** of pupils are **achieving the expected standard in RWM** at Key Stage 2.

Lymm South, Stockton Heath, Appleton, Great Sankey North and Whittle Hall, Grappenhall, Westbrook, Poulton South, Poulton North, Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft, Lymm North and Thelwall, Penketh and Cuerdley, Rixton and Woolston and Chapelford and Old Hall all perform above average. Birchwood, Orford and Fairfield and Howley all fall well below the average with Birchwood performing worst (55.3%).



In Burtonwood and Winwick

In Burtonwood and Winwick, **61.3%** of pupils (Warrington: 71%) are achieving the expected standard in RWM at Key Stage 2. Burtonwood and Winwick performs below the Warrington average.

Education (end of secondary school aged 15/16) – Key Stage 4: Progress 8

In 2013-14 there were major reforms to Key Stage 4 which affected how results were calculated. Schools and local authorities are now judged on how much progress students have made since the end of primary school. Progress 8 measures the achievement of a pupil across 8 qualifications and compares this to what their estimated achievement is based on their prior attainment. It is a type of value added measure.

For all mainstream pupils nationally in 2018 the average progress score is -0.02; a positive score means pupils in the schools on average do better at KS4 than those with similar prior attainment nationally. (A score of 0.25 for example would mean that on average pupils in the school achieved a quarter of a grade more than other pupils nationally with similar starting points).

In Warrington

In Warrington in 2018, the Progress 8 score is -0.14, the North West figure is -0.17.

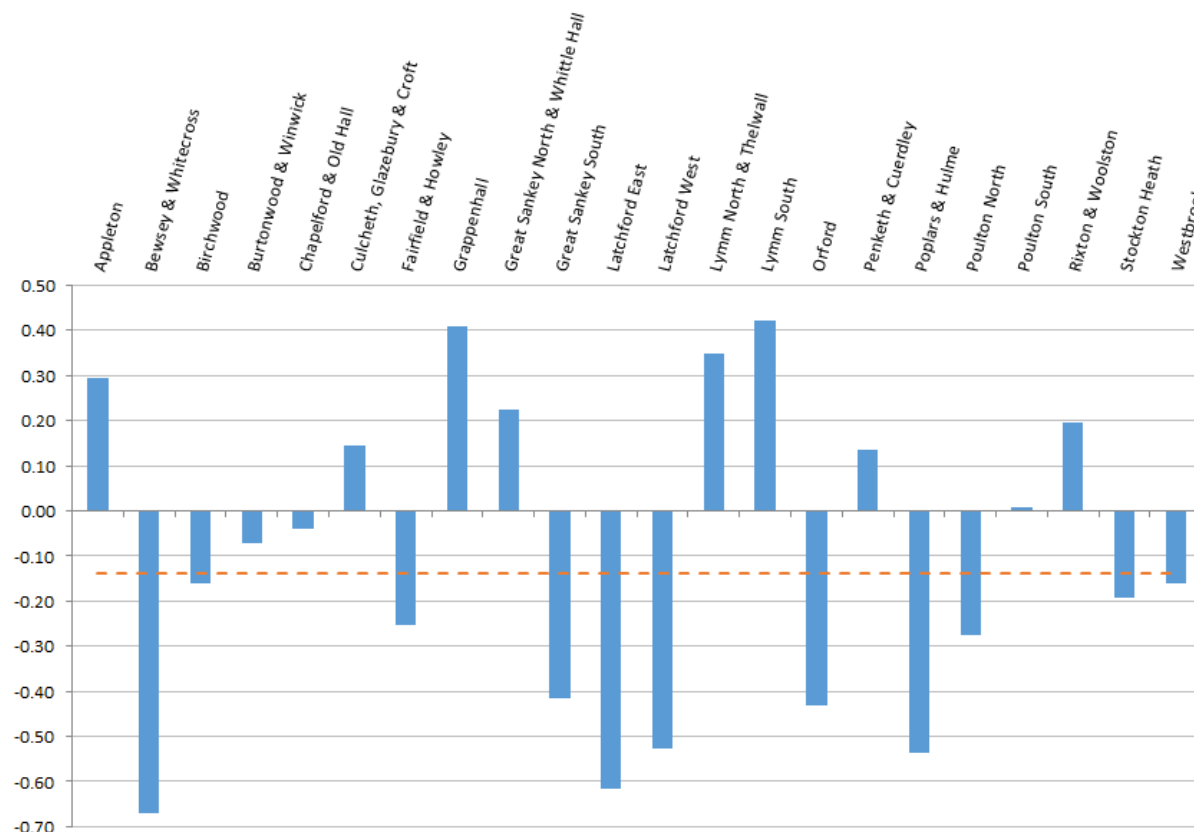
Warrington is ranked 10th in the North West.

Wards with positive scores were: Appleton, Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft, Grappenhall, Great Sankey North and Whittle Hall, Lymm North and Thelwall, Lymm South, Penketh and Cuerdley, Poulton South and Rixton and Woolston. Bewsey and Whitecross, Latchford East, Poplars and Hulme and Latchford West all had the largest negative scores.

In Burtonwood and Winwick

Burtonwood and Winwick has a negative score of **-0.07** and is above the Warrington average.

Progress 8, 2018



Warrington = -0.14

Education (end of secondary school aged 15/16) – Key Stage 4: Attainment 8

Attainment 8 measures the achievement of a pupil across 8 qualifications. It includes Mathematics and English (both double weighted), 3 qualifications that count within the English Baccalaureate (EBacc) measure and a further 3 qualifications that can be GCSE qualifications (including EBacc subjects) or any other non-GCSE qualifications on the DfE approved list. Each individual grade a pupil achieves is assigned a point score, which is then used to calculate a pupil's total Attainment 8 score.

In Warrington

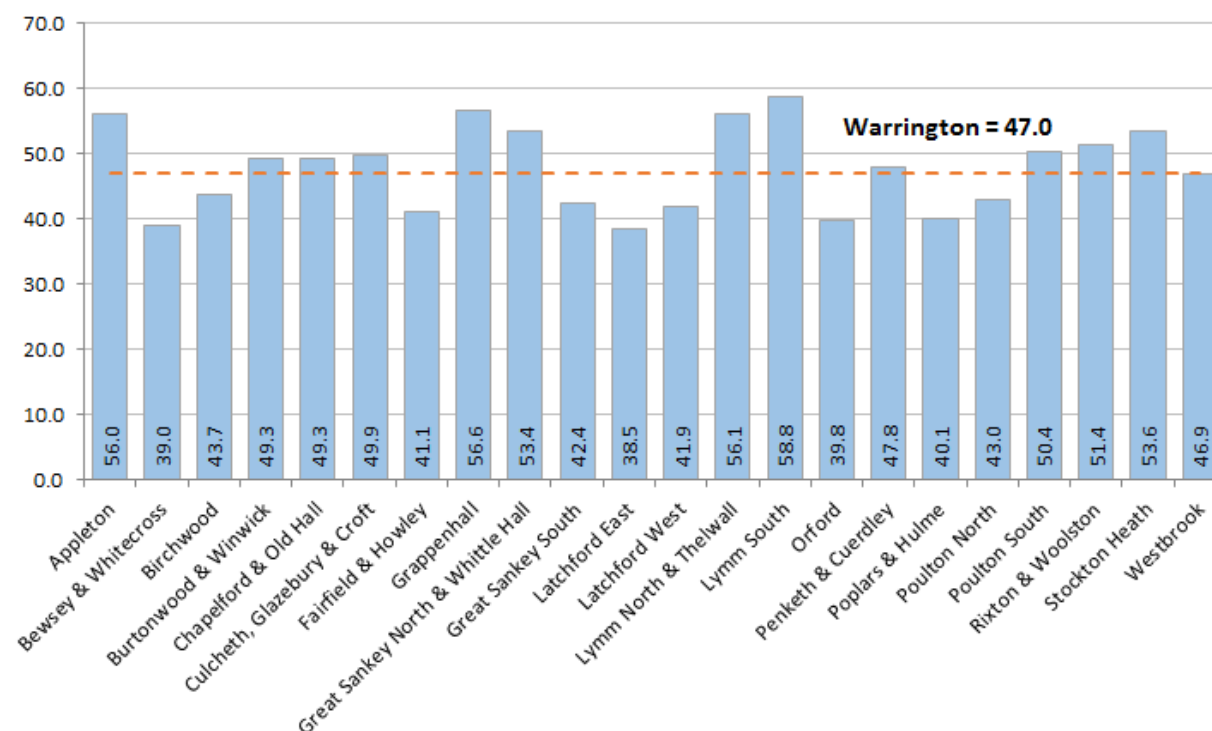
In Warrington in 2018, the Attainment 8 score is 47.0, the North West figure is 45.5, Warrington is ranked 5th in the North West. The England average is 46.4, Warrington is higher than both the North West and England averages

Twelve Wards are above the Warrington average. These being Penketh and Cuerdley, Burtonwood and Winwick, Chapelford and Old Hall, Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft, Fairfield & Howley, Grappenhall, Great Sankey North & Whittle Hall, Latchford South, Latchford East, Latchford West, Lymm North & Thelwall, Lymm South, Orford, Penketh & Cuerdley, Poplars & Hulme, Poulton North, Poulton South, Rixton & Woolston, Stockton Heath and Westbrook.

In Burtonwood and Winwick

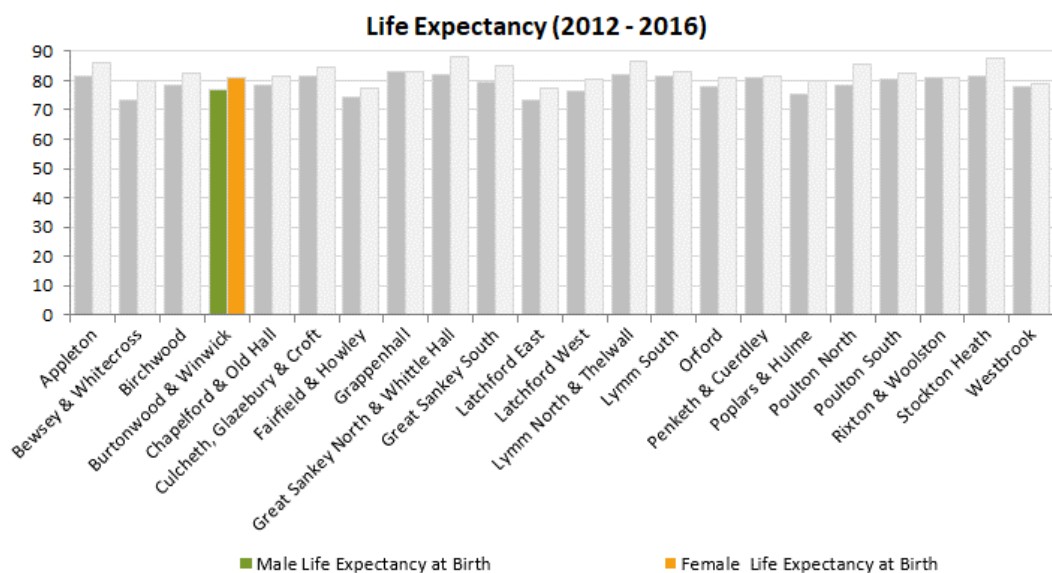
Burtonwood and Winwick has an Attainment 8 score of **49.3** and is above the Warrington average.

Attainment 8, 2018

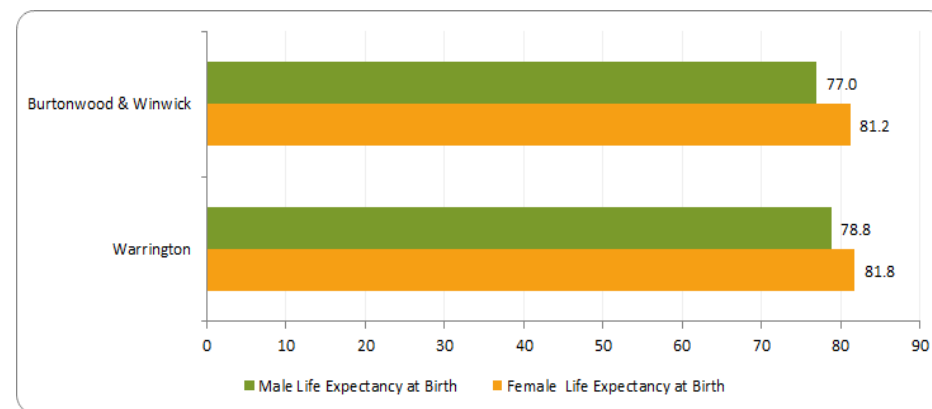


Health – life expectancy and mortality rate

Life expectancy is an internationally accepted measure of the overall health of a population. It provides an estimate of the average number of years a new-born baby would live for if s/he experienced the age-specific mortality rates of a particular area throughout his or her life. Life expectancy at birth measures broadly the same thing as all age, all-cause mortality rates, but is often considered a more intuitive and easier to understand indicator.



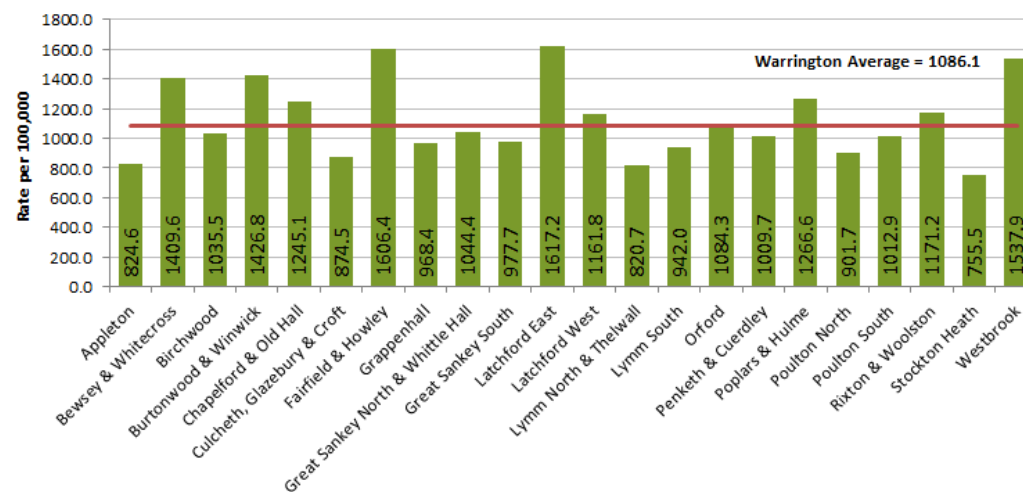
Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)



In Burtonwood and Winwick

Residents of Burtonwood and Winwick live less long when compared to the Warrington average.

- Male life expectancy (77.0 years) is lower than the Warrington average (78.8 years).
- Female life expectancy (81.2 years) is also slightly lower than Warrington (81.8 years).
- All - age all - cause mortality is significantly worse than the Warrington average.



Source: NHS Digital

Life expectancy is consistently lower in men than women, locally and nationally.

Health – birthweight, breastfeeding and smoking mothers

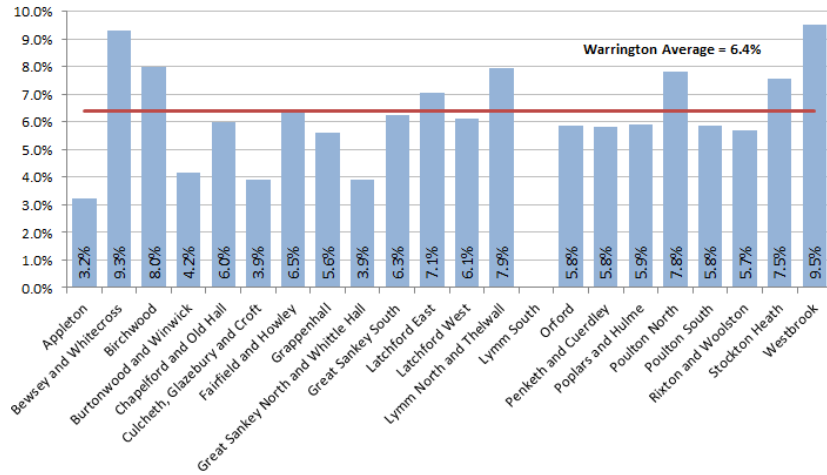
Low birthweight (live births with a recorded birthweight under 2500g and a gestational age of at least 37 complete weeks): In Burtonwood and Winwick, 4.2% of babies were of low birthweight, lower than the Warrington average of 6.4%.

Smoking at time of delivery (Women who are regular/occasional smokers at time of delivery) Numbers are too small to calculate a Ward rate, the Warrington average is 8.3%.

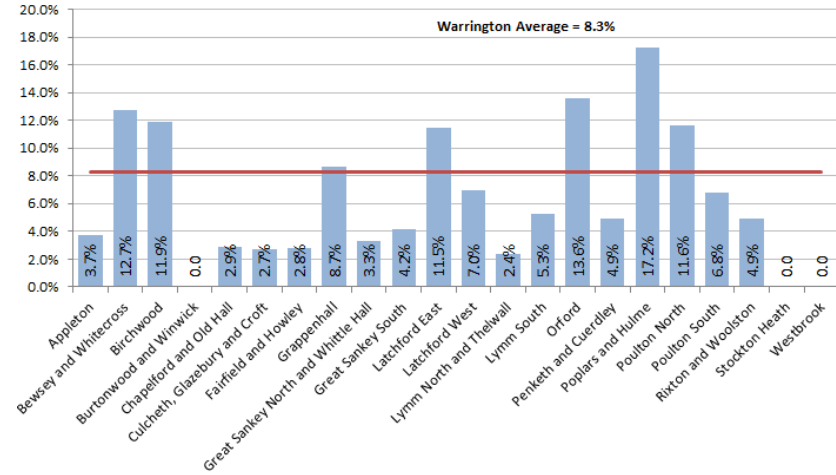
Breastfeeding at birth: 66.0% of mothers started breastfeeding their babies at birth, slightly lower than Warrington (62.4%).

Breastfeeding at 6-8 weeks: 43.4% of mothers were continuing to breastfeed their babies at 6-8 weeks old, slightly better than Warrington (37.5%).

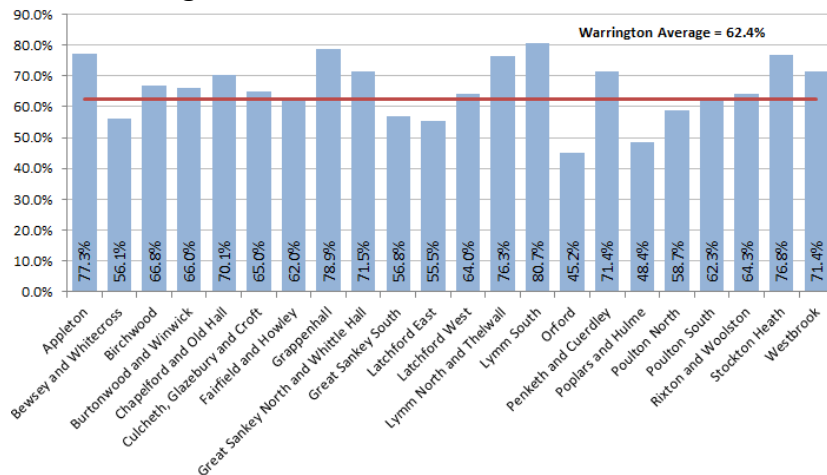
Low birthweight



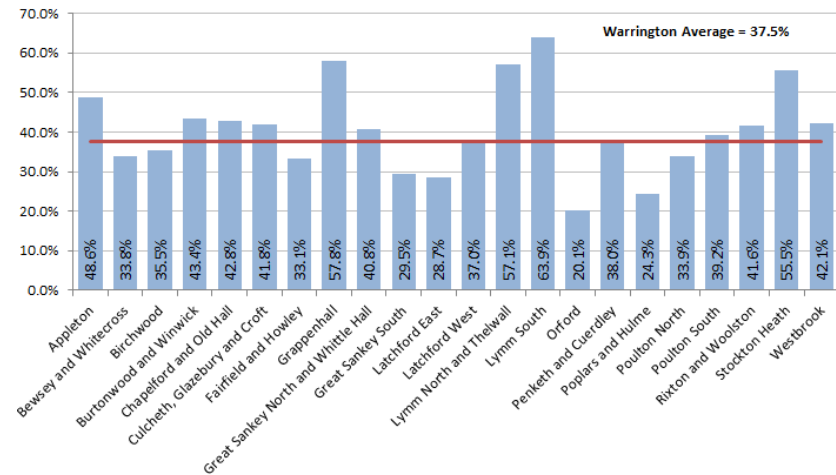
Mother a smoker at time of delivery



Breastfeeding at birth



Breastfeeding at 6-8 weeks



Sources: Warrington Hospital (birthweight/mother a smoker), Bridgewater NHS Trust (breastfeeding)

Health – overweight and obese reception children

Child obesity. Children are measured at the start and end of primary school (in Reception aged 4/5 and in Year 6 aged 10/11). The graphs show the percentage of obese children and the percentage with excess weight (i.e. either overweight or obese).

Warrington 2017/18 - Reception: almost 1 in 9 obese.

Warrington comparisons: In Reception, overweight/obesity prevalence was higher in Warrington than both the North West and England. Warrington is also higher than the North West and England in terms of reception age obesity.

Prevalence of overweight/obesity by ward: In Reception, Bewsey and Whitecross was the only Ward which was significantly different to Warrington overall.

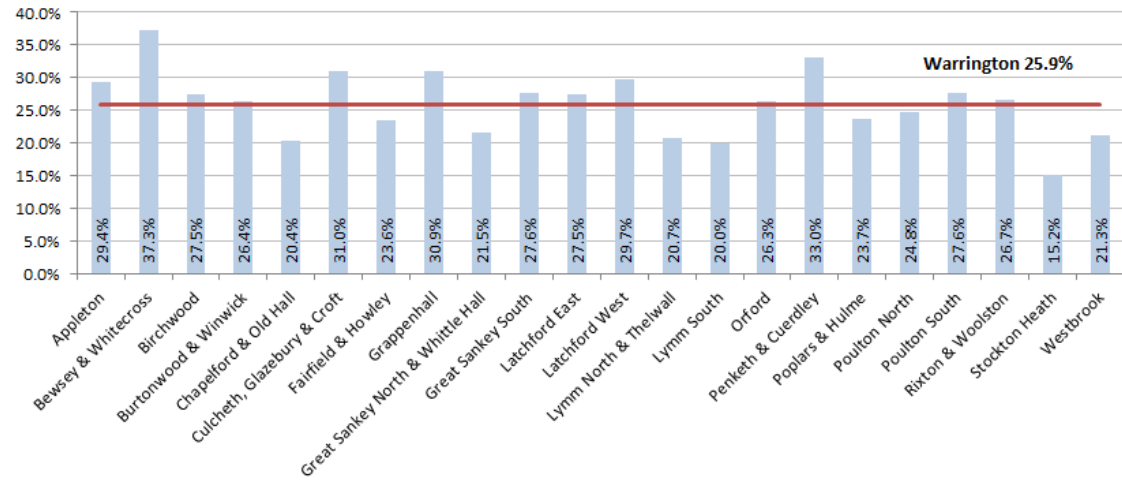
Prevalence of obesity by ward: In Reception, Bewsey and Whitecross was the only Ward which was significantly higher to Warrington overall. Lymm South was significantly lower than the overall Warrington figure.

In Burtonwood and Winwick

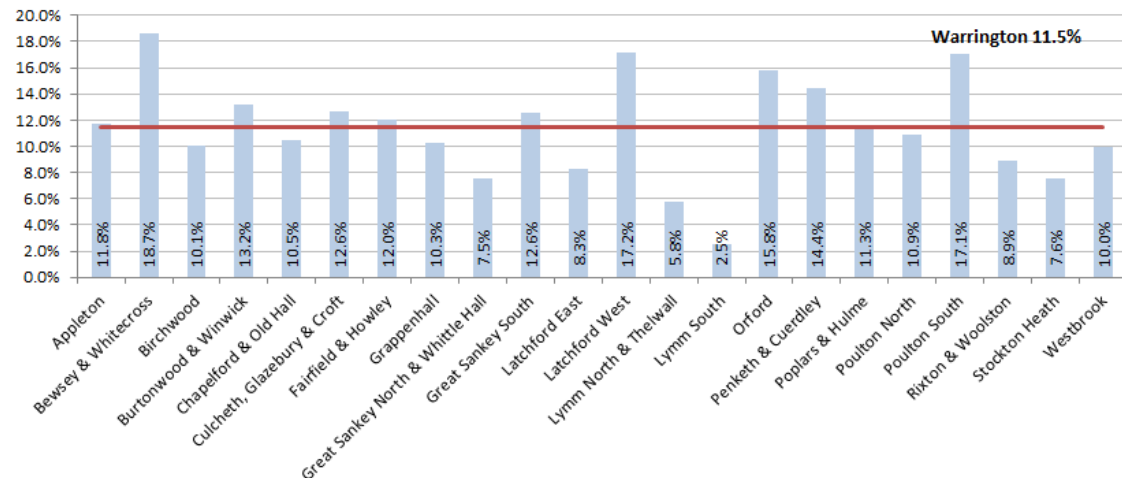
Excess Weight (Reception): The proportion of overweight or obese children in Reception (26.4%) for Burtonwood and Winwick is higher than the Warrington average (25.9%).

Obesity (Reception): In Burtonwood and Winwick, obesity prevalence is higher (13.2%) than in Warrington overall (11.5%).

Percentage of overweight/obese Reception Children By Ward, 2017/18



Percentage of obese Reception Children By Ward, 2017/18



Health – overweight and obese Year 6 children

Child obesity. Children are measured at the start and end of primary school (in Reception aged 4/5 and in Year 6 aged 10/11). The graphs show the percentage of obese children and the percentage with excess weight (i.e. either overweight or obese).

Warrington 2017/18 - Year 6: almost 1 in 5 obese.

Warrington comparisons: In Year 6, prevalence of obesity, and of overweight/obesity, was lower in Warrington than in the North West and England, but not significantly so.

Prevalence of overweight/obesity by ward: In Year 6, Bewsey and Whitecross was the only Ward which was significantly higher than Warrington overall. Lymm North and Thelwall, Lymm South and Stockton Heath are significantly lower than Warrington overall.

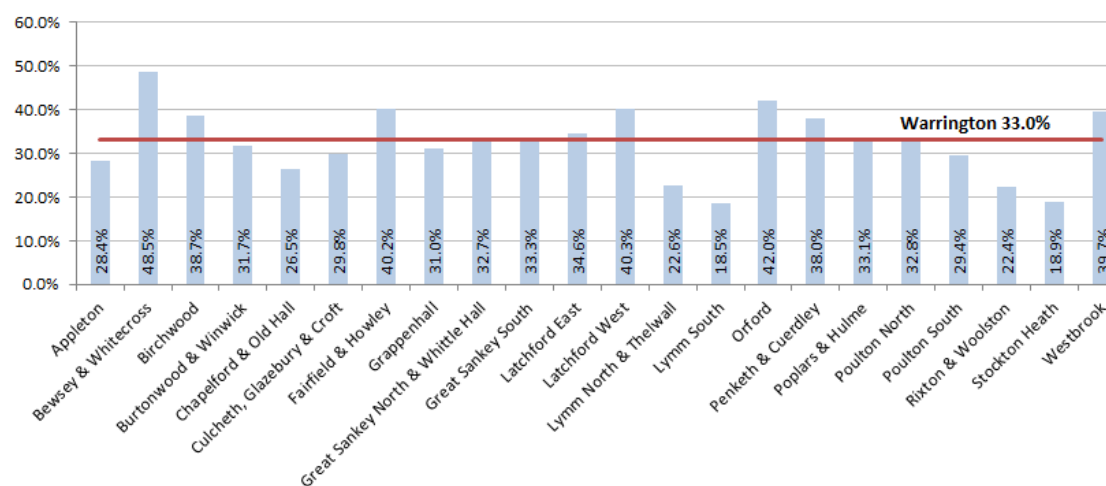
Prevalence of obesity by ward: In Year 6, Bewsey and Whitecross and Orford are significantly higher to Warrington overall. Chapelford and Old Hall, Lymm North and Thelwall and Lymm South are significantly lower than the overall Warrington figure.

In Burtonwood and Winwick

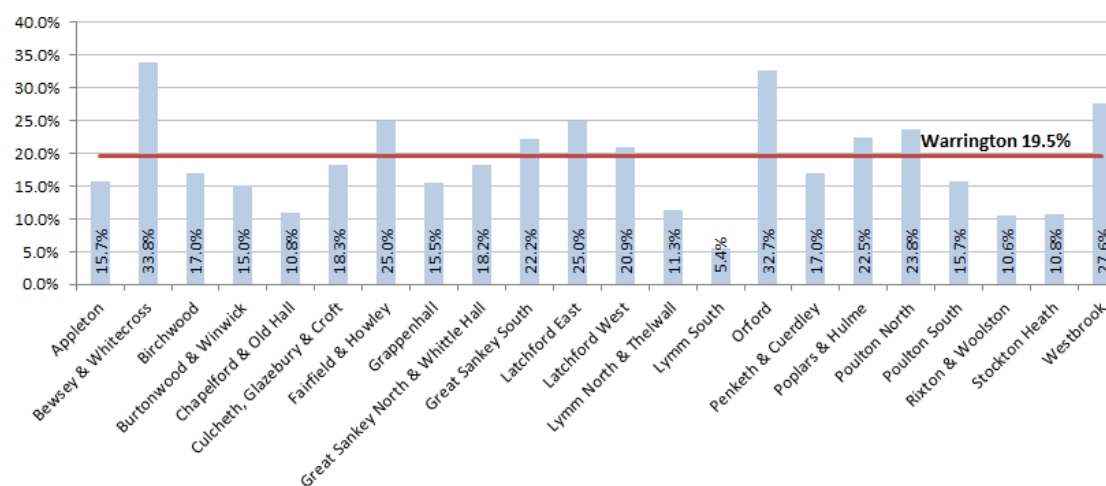
Excess Weight (Year 6): The proportion of overweight or obese children in Year 6 for Burtonwood and Winwick (31.7%) is lower than the Warrington average (33.0%).

Obesity (Year 6): obesity prevalence is lower (15.0%) in Year 6 compared to 19.5% in Warrington

Percentage of overweight/obese Year 6 Children By Ward, 2017/18



Percentage of obese Year 6 Children By Ward, 2017/18



Health – teenage conception rates

Teenage conception rates 2013-15

Burtonwood and Winwick has a slightly higher rate when compared to Warrington.

Rates are provided by ONS and based on old ward boundaries. Rates must be suppressed.

Conception data was suppressed when the number of conceptions was less than 5.

“Teenage Conceptions” = Conceptions in women aged under 18 per 1,000 females aged 15-17

Comparison to Warrington:

| Key | Range | | |
|----------------------|-------|----|------|
| Significantly Lower | | | |
| Slightly Lower | <19.9 | | |
| Similar | 19.9 | to | 25.5 |
| Slightly Higher | 25.5+ | | |
| Significantly Higher | | | |

| Ward (old boundary) | Significance compared to Warrington |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Appleton | Significantly Lower |
| Bewsey and Whitecross | Slightly Higher |
| Birchwood | Slightly Higher |
| Burtonwood and Winwick | Slightly Higher |
| Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft | Significantly Lower |
| Fairfield and Howley | Slightly Higher |
| Grappenhall and Thelwall | Slightly Lower |
| Great Sankey North | Slightly Lower |
| Great Sankey South | Slightly Lower |
| Hatton, Stretton and Walton | Slightly Lower |
| Latchford East | Significantly Higher |
| Latchford West | Slightly Higher |
| Lymm | Slightly Lower |
| Orford | Slightly Higher |
| Penketh and Cuedley | Slightly Lower |
| Poplars and Hulme | Significantly Higher |
| Poulton North | Similar |
| Poulton South | Slightly Lower |
| Rixton and Woolston | Slightly Higher |
| Stockton Heath | Slightly Lower |
| Westbrook | Slightly Lower |
| Whittle Hall | Significantly Lower |

Health – children’s tooth decay

Children’s tooth decay 2011-12, age 5

Burtonwood and Winwick has a similar rate when compared to Warrington.

Data provided by Public Health England and only available based on old ward boundaries.

The data is based on the percentage of 5 year olds with active tooth decay.

Comparison to Warrington:

| Key | Range |
|-----------------|----------|
| Slightly lower | 0 to 19 |
| Similar | 20 to 39 |
| Slightly higher | 40 to 49 |

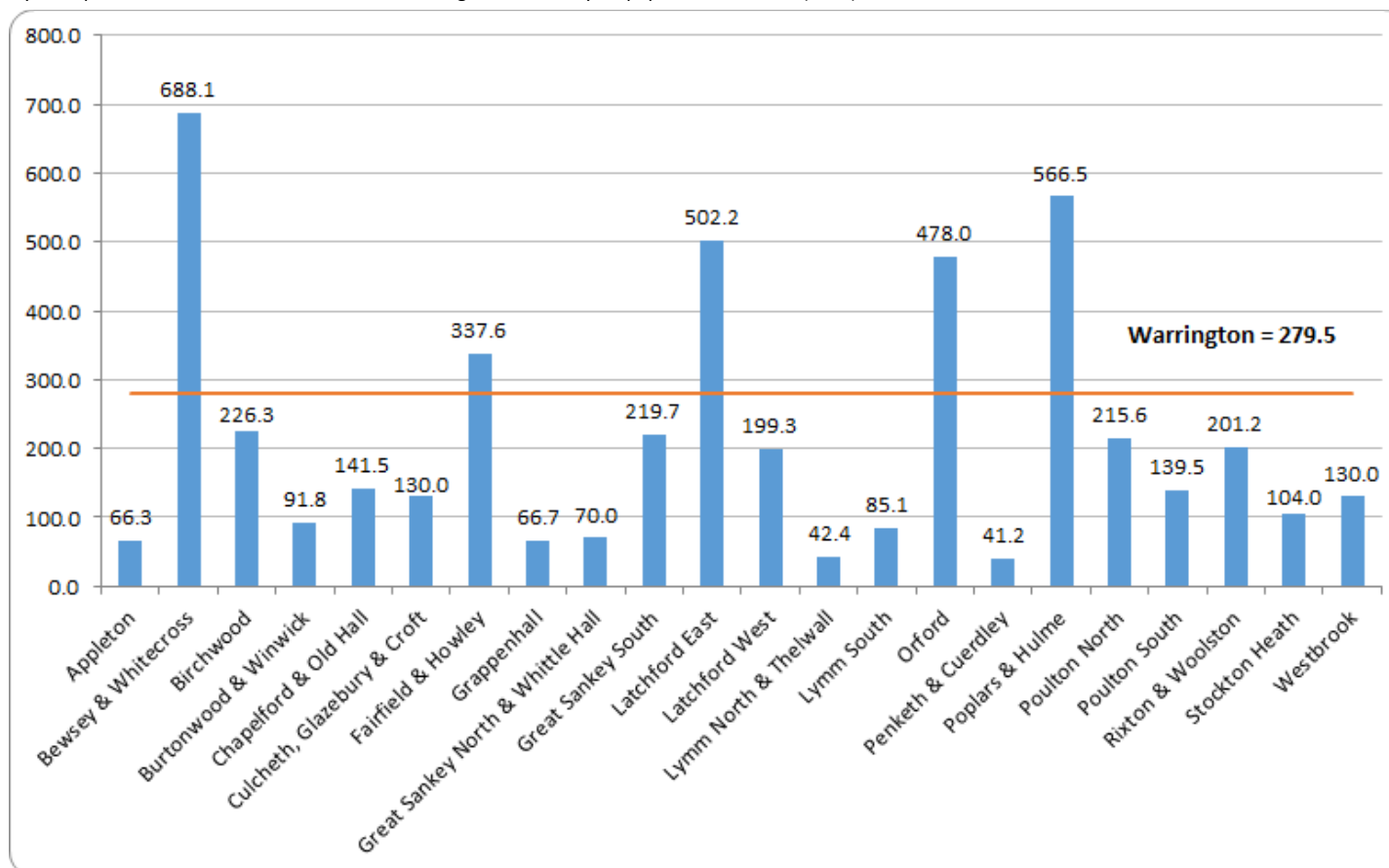
| Ward (old boundary) | % tooth decay |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Appleton | 20 to 29% |
| Bewsey and Whitecross | 40 to 49% |
| Birchwood | 20 to 29% |
| Burtonwood and Winwick | 30 to 39% |
| Culcheth, Glazebury and Croft | 0 to 19% |
| Fairfield and Howley | 40 to 49% |
| Grappenhall and Thelwall | 0 to 19% |
| Great Sankey North | 0 to 19% |
| Great Sankey South | 20 to 29% |
| Hatton, Stretton and Walton | 20 to 29% |
| Latchford East | 40 to 49% |
| Latchford West | 30 to 39% |
| Lymm | 0 to 19% |
| Orford | 40 to 49% |
| Penketh and Cuedley | 20 to 29% |
| Poplars and Hulme | 40 to 49% |
| Poulton North | 40 to 49% |
| Poulton South | 30 to 39% |
| Rixton and Woolston | 20 to 29% |
| Stockton Heath | 30 to 39% |
| Westbrook | 30 to 39% |
| Whittle Hall | 20 to 29% |
| Warrington | 31.6% |
| England | 27.9% |

Social Care – Children in Need

Children in Need covers children and young people receiving a social care service. This includes those placed on a child protection plan or those looked after by the local authority as a child in care. Children receiving a service under Section 17 are also included to make up a total of approximately 1250 children and young people at November 2018. Numbers were mapped by matching the young person's postcode to each ward. They were then converted to a rate based on the number of 0 -17 year olds in each ward. The average rate of Children in Need in Warrington was 279.5 per 10,000 population aged 0-17. The highest rates above the Warrington average were in Bewsey and Whitecross, Poplars and Hulme, Latchford East and Orford. The lowest rates were in Penketh and Cuerdley, Lymm North and Thelwall, Appleton and Grappenhall.

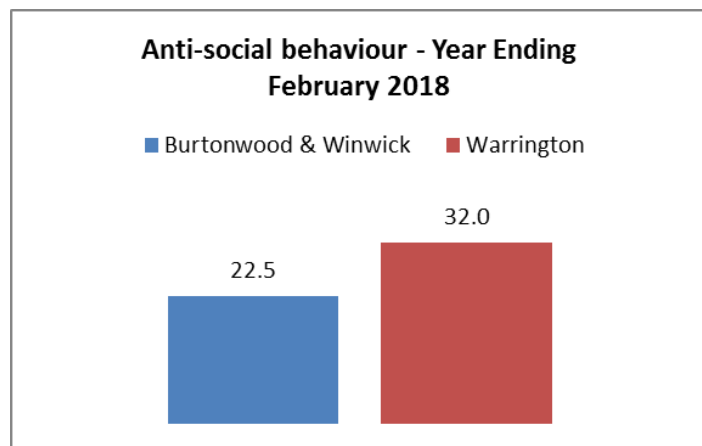
*As numbers in many wards are small and may be subject to large fluctuations from month to month, figures presented here should be treated with caution.

*Figures will differ slightly from published data as rates were calculated using a recent mid-year population estimate (2017).

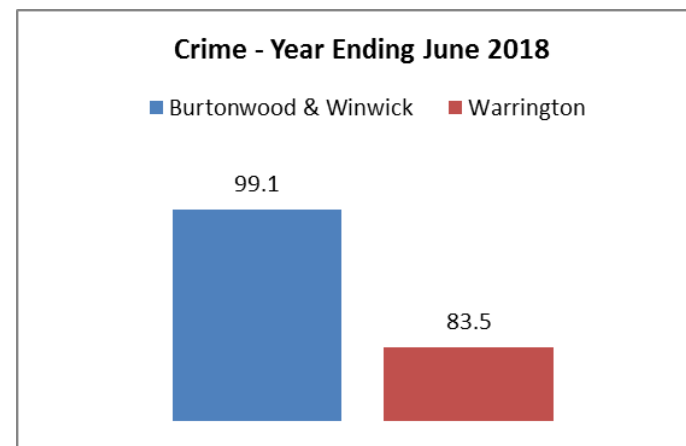


Crime and antisocial behaviour

Anti-Social Behaviour Rate



Crime Rate



| | Ward | Rate | Warrington | Rate |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------------|------|
| Total anti-social behaviour | 145 | 22.5 | 6,636 | 32.0 |
| Total reported crime | 639 | 99.1 | 17,341 | 83.5 |

Hate Crime (year ending June 2018)

| Police Beat Cluster | Count | % |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----|
| Warrington Central | 127 | 37% |
| Warrington East | 25 | 7% |
| Warrington North | 64 | 19% |
| Warrington South | 19 | 6% |
| Warrington Town Centre | 53 | 16% |
| Warrington West | 53 | 16% |
| Total for Warrington | 341 | - |

Areas of focus 2018/2019

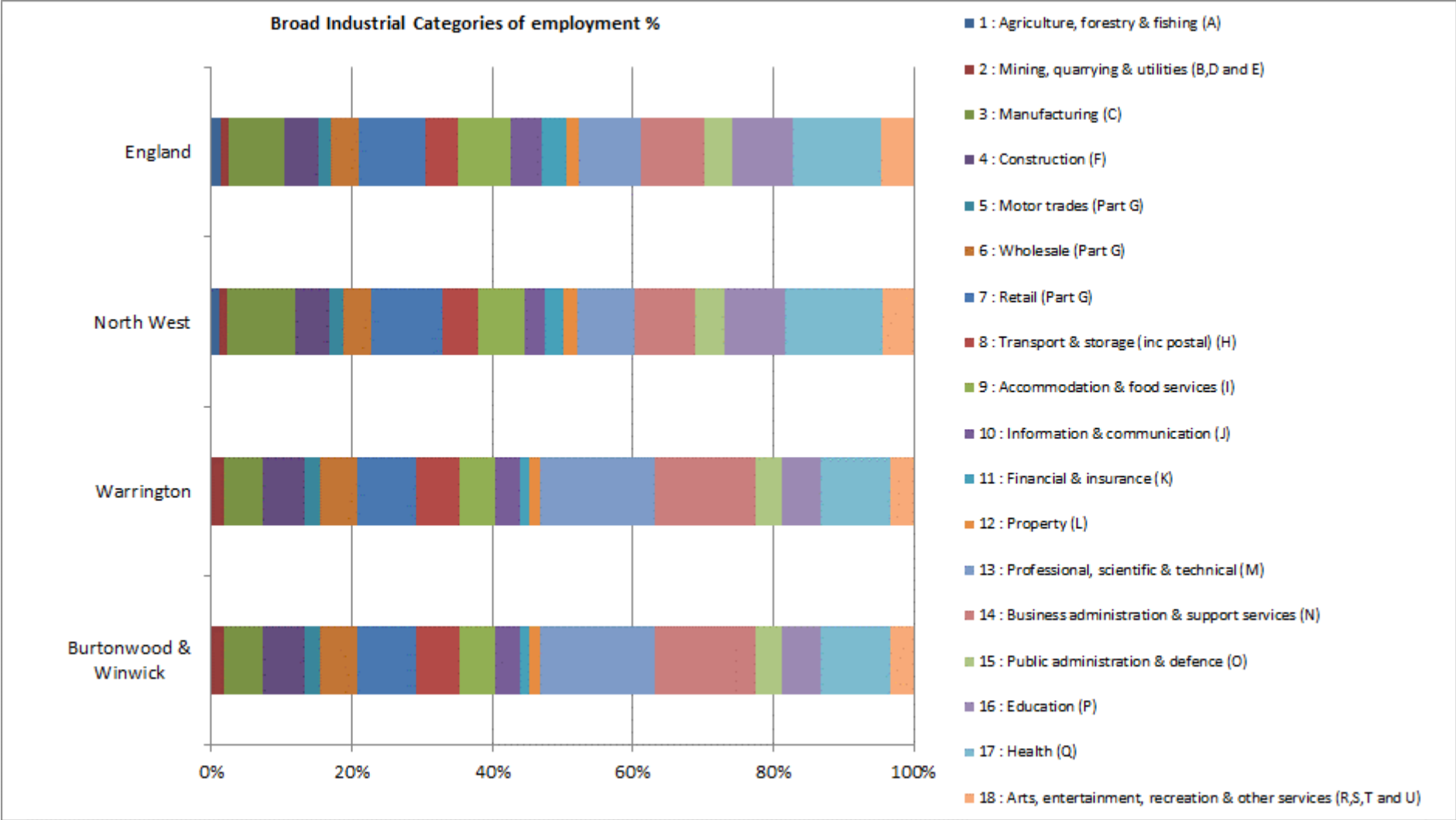
- Arson & criminal damage
- Theft from vehicles
- Assaults (incl. Winwick hospital)

Reported crime, ASB and recorded hate crime is based on quarterly data provided by Cheshire Constabulary.

Employment

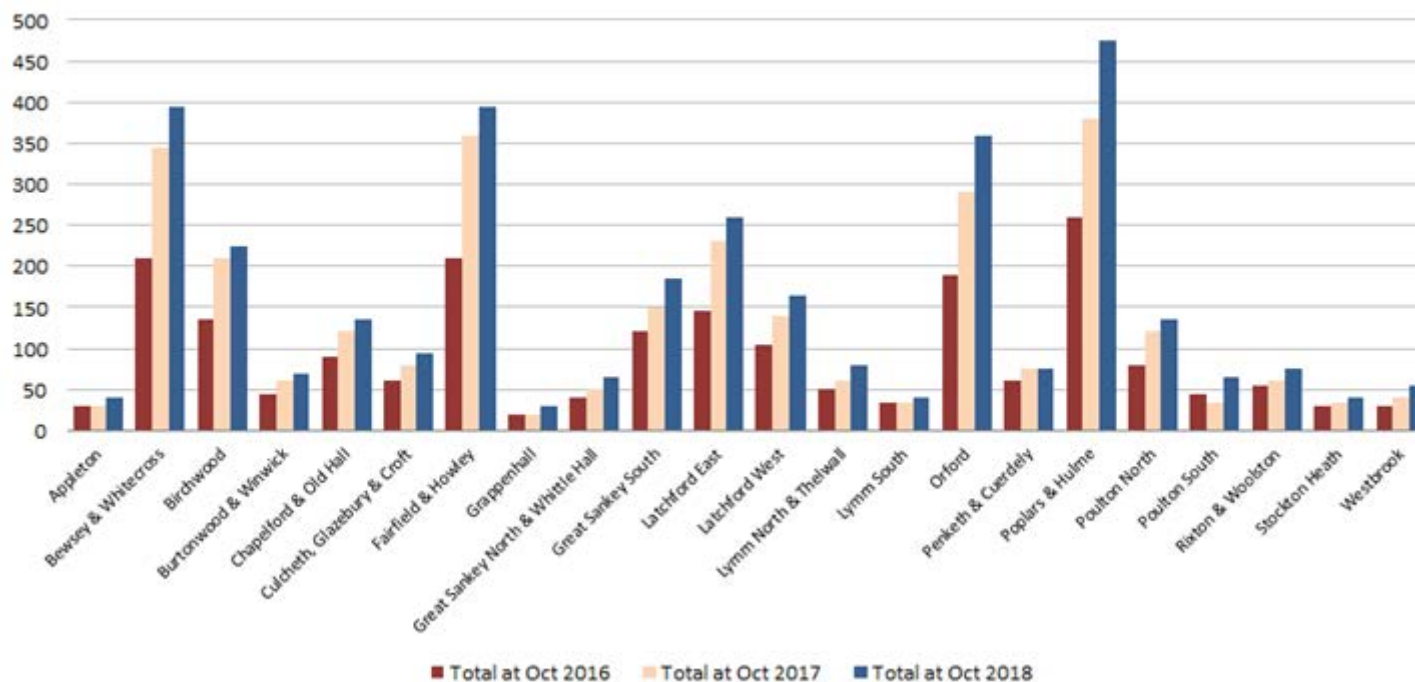
% Broad Industrial Categories by ward and comparators

This is an annual measure, the latest data refers to 2017 (source: Nomis, November 2018)



Employment

Claimant Count (Number)



| Unemployment Claimant count, by age category | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| <i>Burtonwood & Winwick</i> | | | |
| Category | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Aged 16-24 | 10 | 15 | 15 |
| Aged 25-49 | 20 | 25 | 40 |
| Aged 50+ | 15 | 20 | 15 |
| All categories: Age 16+ | 45 | 60 | 70 |

All data are rounded to the nearest 5 and may not precisely add to the sum of the number of claimants

