



The English Indices of Deprivation 2019 (IoD2019)

The Indices relatively rank each small area in England from most deprived to least deprived

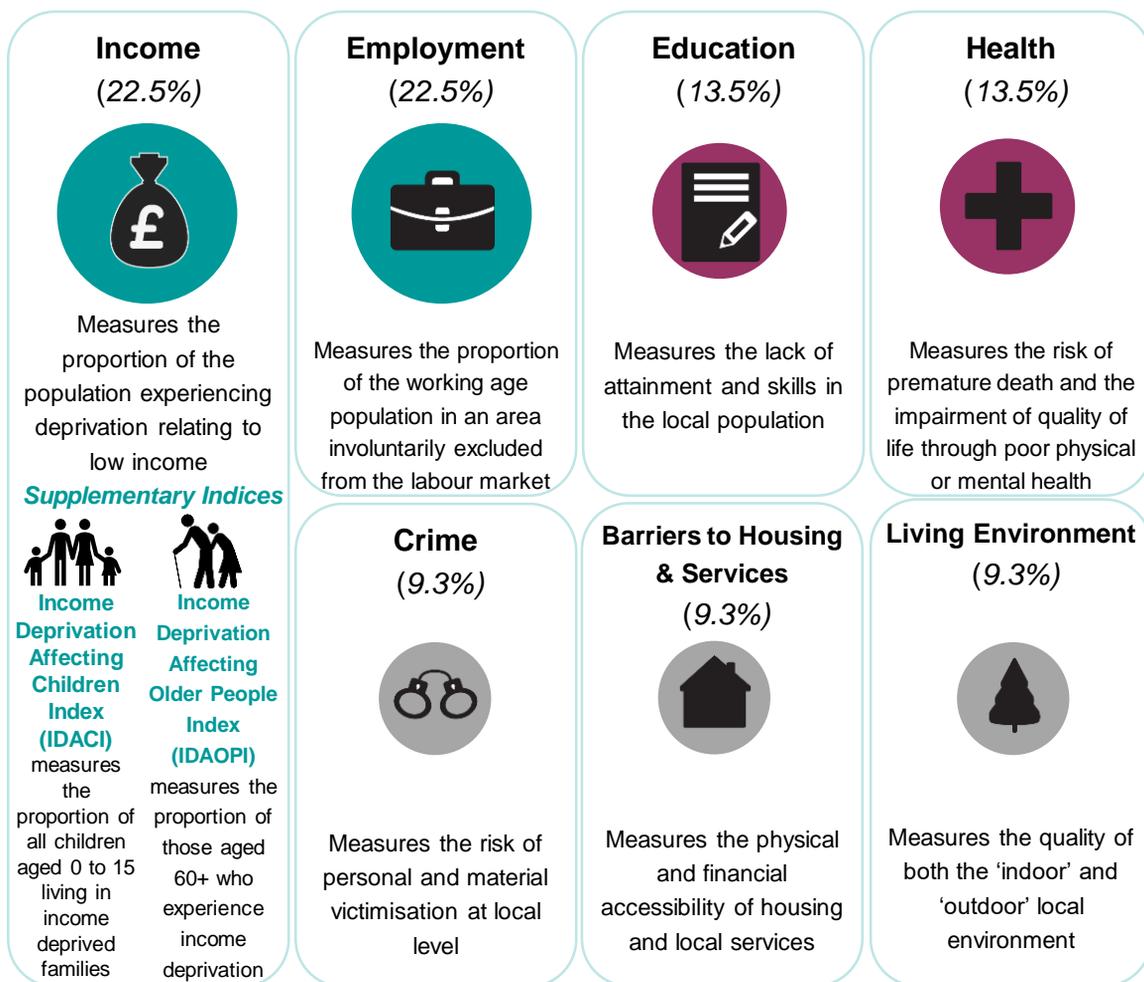
1st
most
deprived
area



There are 32,844 small areas (Lower-layer Super Output Areas) in England, with an average population of 1,500

32,844th
least
deprived
area

There are 7 domains of deprivation, which combine to create the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD2019):



How can the IoD2019 be used?

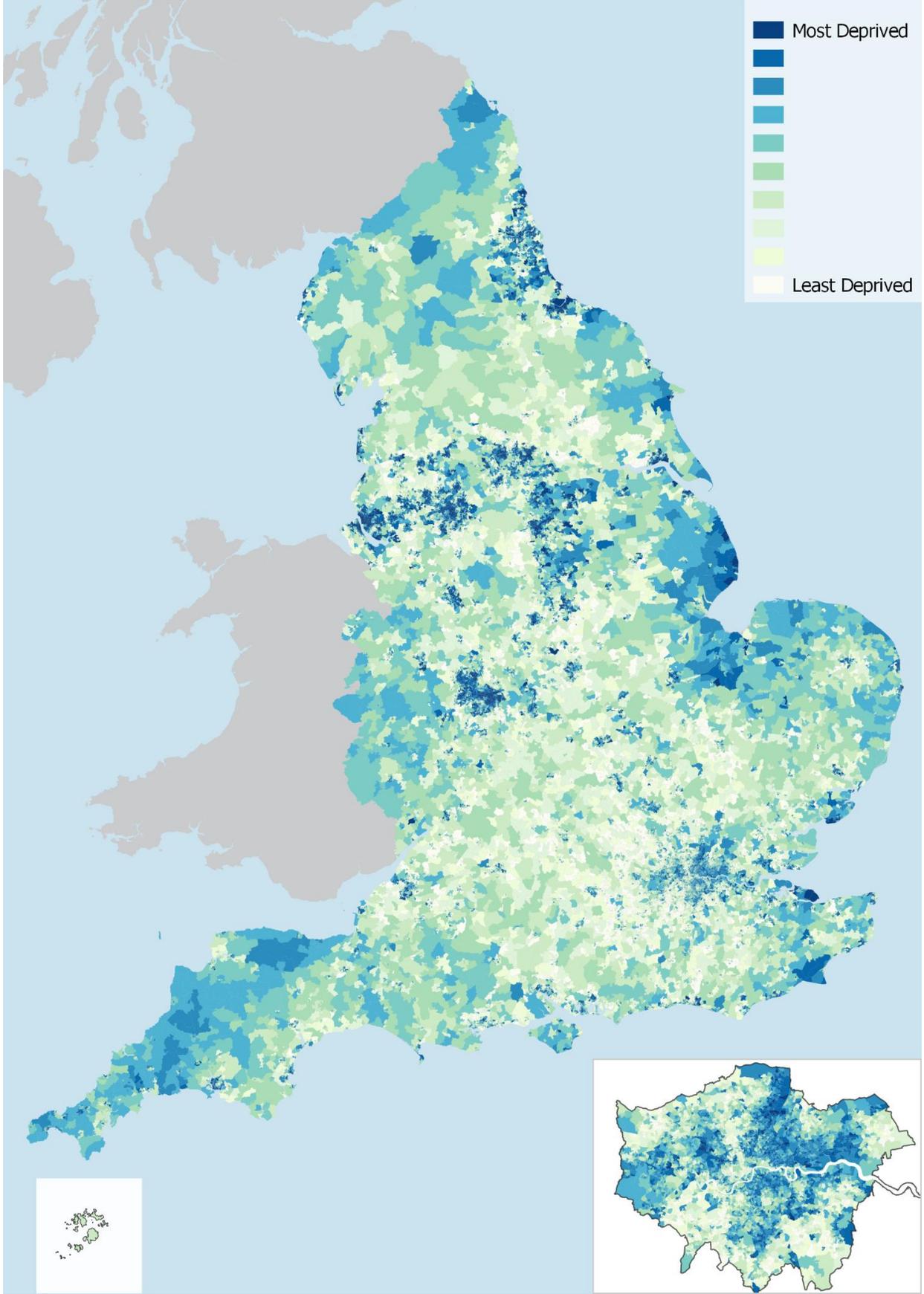


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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ comparing small areas across England ✓ identifying the most deprived small areas ✓ exploring the domains (or types) of deprivation ✓ comparing larger administrative areas e.g. local authorities ✓ looking at changes in relative deprivation between iterations (i.e. changes in ranks) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ quantifying how deprived a small area is ✗ identifying deprived people ✗ saying how affluent a place is ✗ comparing with small areas in other UK countries ✗ measuring absolute change in deprivation over time |
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Ministry of Housing,
Communities &
Local Government

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More guidance available [online](#)