

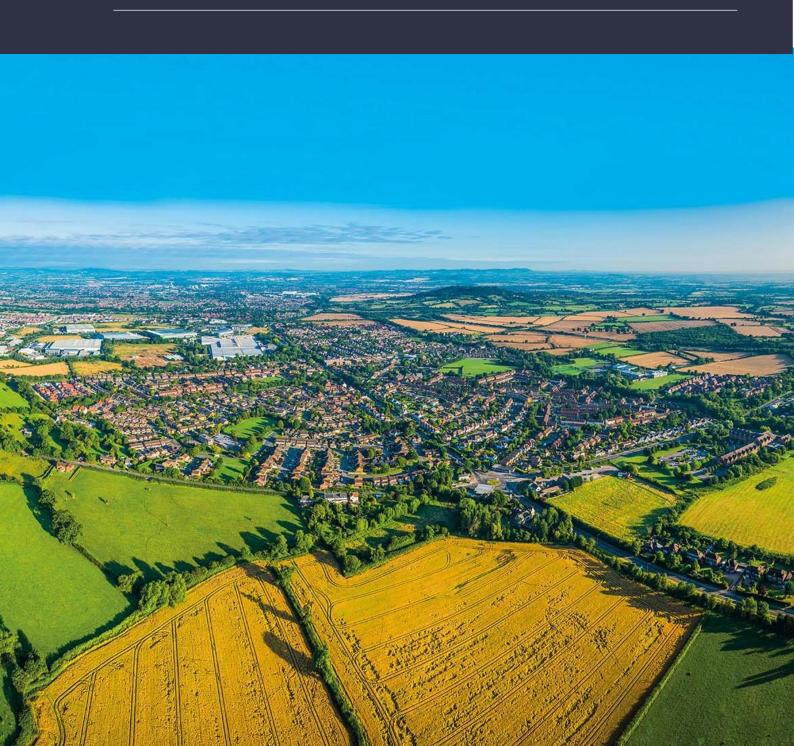
Warrington Local Plan EiP

Matter 4: Housing Need and the Housing Requirement

On behalf of Taylor Wimpey (Respondent Ref Number: 1427)

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Matter 4 – Housing Need and the Housing Requirement

1.1. Each of the Inspector's questions are listed below. Our position is set out in our representations to the second Regulation 19 Warrington Local Plan (**UPSVLP 1427**). We raise comments on pertinent or outstanding matters in direct response to the questions.

Q1. Has the calculation of Local Housing Need (816 homes per annum) been undertaken appropriately using the standard method and correct inputs?

1.2. No comment.

Q2. Should the housing need figure be higher than the minimum Local Housing Need figure of 816 homes per annum? Do any of the circumstances set out in paragraph 10 of the housing and economic needs assessment chapter of the PPG (or any other relevant circumstances) apply in Warrington?

- 1.3. The housing requirement in the first Regulation 19 WLP (PVLP3) at 945 dwellings per annum (dpa) was based on the local housing need figure at that time of 909 dpa and included an uplift to ensure the number of homes being planned matched the number of jobs anticipated to be created through the Council's economic aspirations, as reflected in the Local Enterprise Partnerships (LEP) Strategic Economic Plan. The original target was for 1,240 additional jobs to be created annually, based on LEP objectives.
- 1.4. This was, and still is, a relevant circumstances set out in paragraph 10 of the housing and economic needs assessment chapter of the Planning Practice Guidance (PPG).
- 1.5. An independent review of Warrington's labour market performance, undertaken by Metro Dynamics in 2017, shows that an average of 1,340 jobs were created each year between 1998–2014. The target of 1,240 jobs per annum therefore does not seem unrealistic when compared with this trend.
- 1.6. Taking into account Warrington's strong historical labour market performance and also the fact that the UK economy is now expected to recover faster from the Covid-19 pandemic than originally thought, the housing requirement of 945 dpa should be the minimum housing requirement in Warrington.
- 1.7. We also question why the Council are not proposing an uplift to the local housing need figure to encourage affordable housing delivery when the Local Housing Needs Assessment Update (August 2021) (H2) notes that the provision of new affordable housing is an important and pressing issue in the Borough¹.
 - Q3. The Local Housing Needs Assessment Update 2021 concludes that 816 homes per annum will provide an increase in working age population sufficient to support the number of additional jobs likely to be created over the plan period. Are the

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¹ **H2**, para 1.47



assumptions and calculations which support this analysis robust and is the conclusion justified?

- 1.8. The Local Housing Needs Assessment Update (August 2021) calculates that delivering 816dpa will support 18,300 additional jobs between 2021– 2038. It goes on to say that this level of jobs growth is above that expected by the employment forecasts produced by Oxford Economics and Cambridge Econometrics and that 816dpa will still provide sufficient labour supply for these jobs to be filled².
- 1.9. However, the suggested employment land allocation of 316.26ha over the plan period is not linked to either set of forecasts and is based instead on analysis of local take-up trends and strategic growth options. Our analysis suggests that 316.26ha of employment land could actually support more than 40,000 additional jobs over the period 2021–38. While this is a high-level estimate, it is considerably higher than the 18,300 jobs calculated in the Local Housing Needs Assessment Update (August 2021) and could not be supported by the local housing need figure of 816dpa.
- 1.10. As such, further work is needed to look at the implications of the employment land provision on housing need in Warrington. As it stands, no such analysis has been undertaken by the Council's consultants and there is a real risk that the number of homes derived from the standard method will be insufficient to provide the required increase in working age population to support the number of additional jobs likely to be created over the plan period.
 - Q4. What is the relationship, if any, between the housing need figure of 816 homes per annum and the amount of employment being provided for i.e. approx. 316ha?
- 1.11. Whilst we have undertaken our own analysis for the purposes of this Hearing Statement, the Council's consultants have not translated the employment land requirement into a housing requirement figure. The reason for this is given in the Warrington Local Housing Needs Assessment Addendum (February 2022) (H1) which suggests that employment land needs are an unreliable basis on which to provide jobs growth forecast³.
- 1.12. As such, the Council have endorsed the local housing need figure of 816dpa without understanding the relationship between the housing need figure and the jobs growth arising from the employment land requirement of 316ha.
 - Q5. What are the implications of this amount of employment land in terms of jobs growth? Is it possible/reasonable to estimate the number of jobs likely to be created from this amount of employment land using past trends, evidence from recent proposed and permitted schemes in Warrington and the wider region or analysis in the Economic Development Needs Assessment 2021 (noting that it estimates the amount of land needed for projected jobs growth using both Oxford Economics and Cambridge Econometrics models)?
- 1.13. It is possible and reasonable to estimate the number of jobs likely to be created from 316ha of employment land. As mentioned, we have undertaken a high-level analysis which shows

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² **H2**, para 6.51

³ **H1**, para 2.6



that 316.26ha of employment land could support more than 40,000 additional jobs over the period 2021-38.

Q6. Does the scale of employment land provision justify an increase in the housing need figure?

- 1.14. If the employment land requirement is translated into a housing requirement figure which is more than the local housing need figure of 816dpa, this would clearly justify an increase to the housing need figure to prevent the prospect of unsustainable commuting patterns.
 - Q7. Notwithstanding the above, is the housing requirement of 816 homes per annum justified? Should it be higher or lower than this and if so to what level and on what basis?
- 1.15. The housing requirement of 816dpa is not justified. We are firmly of the view that the housing requirement of 945 dpa, which aligns with the Council's economic growth aspirations, should be the minimum housing requirement in Warrington.
 - Q8. What is the basis for the stepped housing requirement (678 homes per annum rising to 870 per annum from 2026)? Why were the particular time periods and annual averages chosen? Is the approach justified?
- 1.16. The stepped housing requirement is not justified as it appears to be an attempt to reduce the backlog in housing supply at the start of the plan period as a way of achieving a five-year land supply position on adoption of the WLP.
- 1.17. The stepped housing trajectory is completely at odds with the requirement to deliver the homes that people need as soon as possible. People in Warrington need homes now and a positive approach to addressing those needs would be to identify enough land that can come forward in the early years of the plan period, so that the full housing requirement can be achieved from the very start.
 - Q9. Should the Local Plan set housing requirements for designated neighbourhood areas in light of paragraph 66 of the NPPF?
- 1.18. The WLP should set housing requirements for designated neighborhood areas.



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